

Impact of Financial Leverage on Firm Performance

Textile Composite Companies of Pakistan

Umer Iqbal University of Gujrat

Muhammad Usman University of Gujrat

Abstract

The aim of this research is to identify the relationship between financial leverage and the performance of Textile Composite Companies of Pakistan. Pakistan Textile Composite Companies which are listed in PSX (100-index) are selected.5-year data is collected from 2011-2015 and top 16 companies are selected as a sample. Using descriptive statistics, correlation analysis and regression model to identify the results. Results show that financial leverage has negative and significant effect on firm ROE and financial leverage has positive and significant effect on firm ROA. Further study indicates that the high interest rate and more amount of debt decreases the value of equity and has negative impact on firm Performance. On the other hand, the amount of debt has positive impact on firm ROA. Results show that financial leverage has positive impact on firm performance if the amount of debts do not exceed from the amount of equity.

Keywords

Financial leverage, Firm performance, ROA, ROE, PSX (100-index)

Introduction

Financial leverage is very important external financing modes. Financial leverage shows that a business needs finance to purchase a new asset, enhance their production or operational activities, financial leverage is one of the best way for organization to achieve its goal, with the help of the financial leverage a company can not only achieve its goals but also maximize the value of its shareholders. Finance is very important for any business however a business is new and ongoing, financial or non-financial institute need funds to operate its daily activities. In the book of accounting and finance the leverage can be defining as the amount of debts or credit that is uses to purchase of assets, enhance the operational activities or acquiring a new firm. Generally, the cost of borrowed money (leverage) is less than the amount of equity. Using the financial leverage like debts to equity ratio, debts to total assets ratio we can easily identify the financial position of the firm or the amount of leverage that is used in a firm. Financial leverage is very curricular for every business in terms of increase in production level, increase the shareholder value or acquired a new asset. In this research paper we evaluate the impact of financial leverage on the performance of a Textile Companies of Pakistan. Textile Companies is one of the biggest Companies of Pakistan, it contributes 8.5% in country GDP. Due to the large or biggest sector of Pakistan the Textile Companies are divided into three categories like Composite, Spinning and Weaving.

There are many companies which are listed on PSX (100-Index) use the financial leverage in various ways which show different results. It means that if companies use more financial leverage then its result increase the rate of return and rate of risk and vice versa. Discussions, studies and research show that financial leverage and firm performance have negative relationship due to high rate of interest which cause decrease in the profitability of firm. On the other hand, further study show that financial leverage and firm performance have positive relationship because it strong the financial position of company and maximize the value of shares.

Problem statement:

Does the financial leverage affect to financial performance of Textile composite companies of Pakistan.

Objective of the Research:

The aim of this study is to identify relationship between financial leverage and firm performance of textile composite. This research also tells that how the financial leverage affect to firm performance.

Significance of this Research:

This research is very helpful for researchers and financial managers who deal with different modes of funds and make decisions that includes measuring and evaluating leverage especially when making capital structure decision. Financial leverage can significant affect the value of the firm in positive or negative way.

Literature Review:

Venture capital and financial leverage are very useful for entrepreneur because entrepreneur have great chance to increase their production or operational activities (Yang Ruili,Xia Kue, 2016). To find out enterprise performance the data is use from china GEM listed companies 2010-2014. The result shows that financial leverage is negatively correlated to firm performance because when companies have more growth opportunities then companies face more conservative financial leverage policy.

High rate of interest and more complicated financial leverage policy have negative impact on the firm overall performance (Astawa Putu,Sudika Putu, 2015). The Government can play a vital role to change the financial leverage policies and solve the financial leverage difficulties by provides low interest rate however, not only all companies take advantage of this facilities but also small and medium business can make growth rapidly.

The relationship between the financial leverage and performance is negative because as the ratio of debt increases and decrease the performance firm and when the ratio of debt decreases and increase performance of firm (mahira, 2011). This statement shows that performance depends on the ratio of debt.

Financial leverage impact negatively on firm performance and its profitability on the other hand financial leverage cannot impact on the firm size and the firm growth it means that increase in financial leverage decrease in performance and profitability of the firm and decrease in financial leverage increase in performance and profitability of the firm(Rabbani Mahboob,Subhan Iqra, 2015)

There are many factors that effect on firm. profitability financial leverage is one of factor that affect negatively on firm profitability means high rate of leverage decrease firm profitability and low financial increase high profitability of the firms Therefore, right selection of combination of debt and equity is important for managers of any firm is significant negative relationship between the financial leverage and the firm profitability (Ahmed Nawaz,Salman ATIF, 2015). Companies who do not uses borrowed money for its firm purpose it is totally depends on its equity so they are free from any fixed amount and high interest rate which means that there is no financial leverage associated with their companies.

Short-term or long-term loans can decrease the firm overall performance (Awais Mustabsar, Iqbal Wateen, 2016) If the amount of borrowed money is less than the amount of firm total equity it means a company perform bitterly. If the amount of debts is more than the amount of firm total equity the performance of the company is decrease. It is important for financial managers to evaluate the firm total equity value before dealing with leverage.

Methodology

Unit Analysis

For this research paper the target Population is all the Pakistan Textile Companies which are listed in PSX (100-index) and 5-year data is taken from 2011-2015. This research paper is useful to understand the impact of financial leverage on the performance of Pakistan Textile Companies listed in PSX (100-index).

Sample Size

Pakistan Textile Companies is one of the biggest Companies of Pakistan due to this reason it divided into three major categories like Textile Composite, Textile Spinning and Textile Weaving. For this research purpose secondary data is used and we select Textile Composite Company which is listed in PSX (100-Index) and top 16 companies are selected with 5-year data from 2011-2015. With the help of annual reports, we find out the relationship of financial leverage and firm performance. Using EViews.8 all the financial data or information of the firm is calculated.

Variable Description

After discussion, study or understand the theory of financial leverage we are able to identify the important variables like Debt-Equity ratio, Solvency ratio or Proprietary ratio are independent variable and dependent variables includes return on equity (ROE) and return on assets (ROA).

Independent Variables

Debt to Equity Ratio

Debt to equity ratio is very important ratio to measure the financial leverage. This ratio shows that how much companies use debts to operate its financial activates. It also shows the relationship of debts and the value of equity. Debt equity ratio use by (Tugas, 2012), (Opter Tim, 2009) and (Vale, 2011) under their studies.

Solvency Ratio

Solvency ratio is also important indicator to find out the impact of leverage on firm performance. Solvency ratio can be defining as the relationship between total debts and firm total assets. This ratio is used by the (Karamjeet Singh, Firew Chekol Asres, 2010) and (Ucal, Meltem, Oksay Serhan, 2011) under their studies.

Proprietary Ratio

Proprietary ratio is also called equity ratio it can be defining the relationship of shareholder's overall equity and firm total assets. With the help of this ratio we evaluate the impact of leverage on firm performance.

Dependent Variables

Return on Assets (ROA)

Return on assets is the dependent variable that show the relationship between firm profit and its assts. It shows how much a firm gain profit from its assets. The same measure technique uses by (Richard M. Burton, 2002)(Muammar, 2014) and (Mubin Muhammad, 2014) on their study.

Return on Equity (ROE)

Another dependent variable return on equity that is used to measure profitability it also shows the relationship between net profit and the value of shareholder equity.(William H, Beaver, Stephen G. Ryan, 2012) and(Kabajeh Majid, 2012)show that return on equity is important technique to measure company profitability and same ratio is used in their study.

Variables	Formulas
Debt-Equity Ratio	Total debts/Equity
Solvency Ratio	Total debts/Total assets
Proprietary Ratio	Equity/Total assets
Return on Asset	Net profit/Total assets
Return on Equity	Net Profit/Equity

Table 1- Description of Variables and its measurements

Hypothesis Testing

Following hypothesis are developed under this study to find out the effect of Leverage on firm performance

- H1: Leverage has positive and significant effect on ROE
- H2: Leverage has negative and significant effect on ROE
- H3: Leverage has positive and significant effect on ROA
- H4: Leverage has negative and significant effect on ROA

	DEBT EQUITY RATIO	PROPRIETORY RATIO	ROA	ROE	SOLVENCY RATIO
Mean	1.819125	0.905975	0.173974	0.321499	0.671600
Median	0.675000	0.550000	0.074000	0.120000	0.410000
Maximum	13.91000	19.27000	2.280000	5.580000	7.230000
Minimum	0.080000	0.010000	-0.210000	-0.760000	0.053000
Std. Dev.	2.832431	2.364257	0.374198	0.786685	0.960821
Skewness	2.660285	6.313115	4.013474	4.642001	5.205497
Kurtosis	9.623421	47.37586	20.25084	28.47468	33.02719
Jarque-Bera	240.5939	7095.462	1206.745	2450.506	3366.736
Probability	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
Sum	145.5300	72.47800	13.91790	25.71990	53.72800
Sum Sq. Dev.	633.7904	441.5872	11.06189	48.89103	72.93091
Observations	80	80	80	80	80

Table 2- Descriptive Statistic

Table 3- Correlation Analysis of Variables during the Data of 2011-2015

	DEBT	PROPRIETORY	RESID	ROA	ROE	SOLVENCY
	EQUITY	RATIO				RATIO
	RATIO					
DEBT	1	-0.162	-2.724	0.261	0.470	-0.003
EQUITY						
RĂTIO						
PROPRIETORY	-0.162	1	5.946	0.692	-0.098	0.686
RATIO						
RESID	-2.724	5.946	1	0.614	0.107	0.157
ROA	0.261	0.692	0.614	1	0.172	0.613
ROE	0.470	-0.098	0.107	0.172	1	-0.030
SOLVENCY	-0.003	0.686	0.157	0.613	-0.030	1
RATIO						

Results and Discussion

Descriptive Statistics:

Table 2; show that the mean and standard deviation value of D/E ratio is 1.82, 2.8 Proprietary ratio is 0.91, 2.3 ROA value is 0.17, 0.37 ROE value is 0.32, 0.78 and Solvency ratio value is 0.67, 0.96. This show that the company value of debts is greater than the value of its equity. Proprietary ratio that the company purchase 9% assets on credit basis, ROA show that companies earn 17% profits from its total assets, ROE is a profitability ratio that show 32% shareholder receive from its total profits. Solvency ratio show that company have enough assets to meet its short-term or long-term

liabilities. Whereas Standard Deviation show that the value of deviation from its mean value.

Correlation Analysis

Correlation analysis is the analysis that measure the relationship between two variables. The value of correlation is -1 to 1. If the value is close to 0 it means there is no relationship between variables, if the value is near to 1 or positive it means that one variable is increase the other variable is also increase it has the direct relationship between the variables, if the value is near to -1 or negative it means one variable increase the other variable is decrease it show the inverse relationship between the variables. Using 5% (0.05) significant level to check the relationship between the variables it is a significant or insignificant.

Table 3: show that D/E ratio and ROA have positive or insignificant relationship, D/E have also positive but insignificant relationship with ROE. The relationship of proprietary ratio and ROA positive but insignificant, proprietary ratio or ROE also positive but insignificant, it also shows that solvency ratio and ROA have positive but insignificant, it also shows that Solvency ratio and ROE have positive or significant relationship.

Regression Model

The first regression model shows the relationship of independent variables with ROE (dependent variable) it show that debt-equity have positive and significant impact on firm performance but Proprietary ratio show that the negative and insignificant impact on firm performance. H1is rejected and H2 is selected it show that financial leverage has negative impact on ROE.

Dependent Variable: ROE				
Method: Least Squares				
Date: 02/03/17 Time: 17:33				
Sample: 1 80				
Included observations: 80				
Variable	Coefficient	Std. Error	t-Statistic	Prob.
С	0.092630	0.101428	0.913262	0.3640
DEBT_EQUITY_RATIO	0.129531	0.028304	4.576465	0.0000
PROPRIETORY_RATIO	-0.007467	0.033909	-0.220204	0.8263
R-squared	0.221402	Mean dependent var		0.321499
Adjusted R-squared	0.201179	S.D. dependent var		0.786685
S.E. of regression	0.703114	Akaike info criterion		2.170184
Sum squared resid	38.06645	Schwarz criterion		2.259510
Log likelihood	-83.80735	Hannan-Quinn criter.		2.205997
F-statistic	10.94786	Durbin-Watson stat		1.581905
Prob(F-statistic)	0.000065			

The second regression model show that Debt-Equity ratio and Proprietary ratio both positive or significant impact on firm overall performance. H3 is accepted that show financial leverage have positive impact on ROA.

Dependent Variable: ROA				
Method: Least Squares				
Date: 02/03/17 Time: 17:34				
Sample: 1 80				
Included observations: 80				
Variable	Coefficient	Std. Error	t-Statistic	Prob.
С	-0.026474	0.033593	-0.788076	0.4331
DEBT_EQUITY_RATIO	0.050728	0.009374	5.411335	0.0000
PROPRIETORY_RATIO	0.119394	0.011231	10.63106	0.0000
R-squared	0.622509	Mean dependent var		0.173974
Adjusted R-squared	0.612704	S.D. dependent var		0.374198
S.E. of regression	0.232875	Akaike info criterion		-0.039853
Sum squared resid	4.175760	Schwarz criterion		0.049473
Log likelihood	4.594131	Hannan-Quinn criter.		-0.004040
F-statistic	63.48928	Durbin-Watson stat		2.344528
Prob(F-statistic)	0.000000			

Table 5- Debt-Equity Ratio and Proprietary Ratio Impact on Firm Performance.

Conclusion

The study of this paper is conducted from Pakistan Textile Composite listed in Pakistan Stock Exchange (100-index) taking 5-year data 2011-2015and with the help of annual reports, we evaluate the firm financial leverage position and the impact of financial leverage on firm overall performance. We applied descriptive analysis, correlation analysis and regression model. The regression model describe that financial leverage have negative or insignificant impact on firm ROE whereas it also describes that financial leverage have positive or significant impact on firm ROA. The results support the hypothesis H2 and H3. The results show that increase in financial leverage the value of equity is decrease but the increase in financial leverage the value of assets increase because leverage have negative impact on ROE and positive impact in ROA. Further study or results show that the value of leverage does not exceed the value of equity in this way a leverage have positive impact on firm overall performance.

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